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BIOMENCENSION IN NU





Tourism Enterprise Development Programme



TOURISM NORTHERN IRELAND



COUNSE ONEMAN

Today's Session



Invasive species on your premises and in our water



Water Quality and Tourism

Water and Climate.



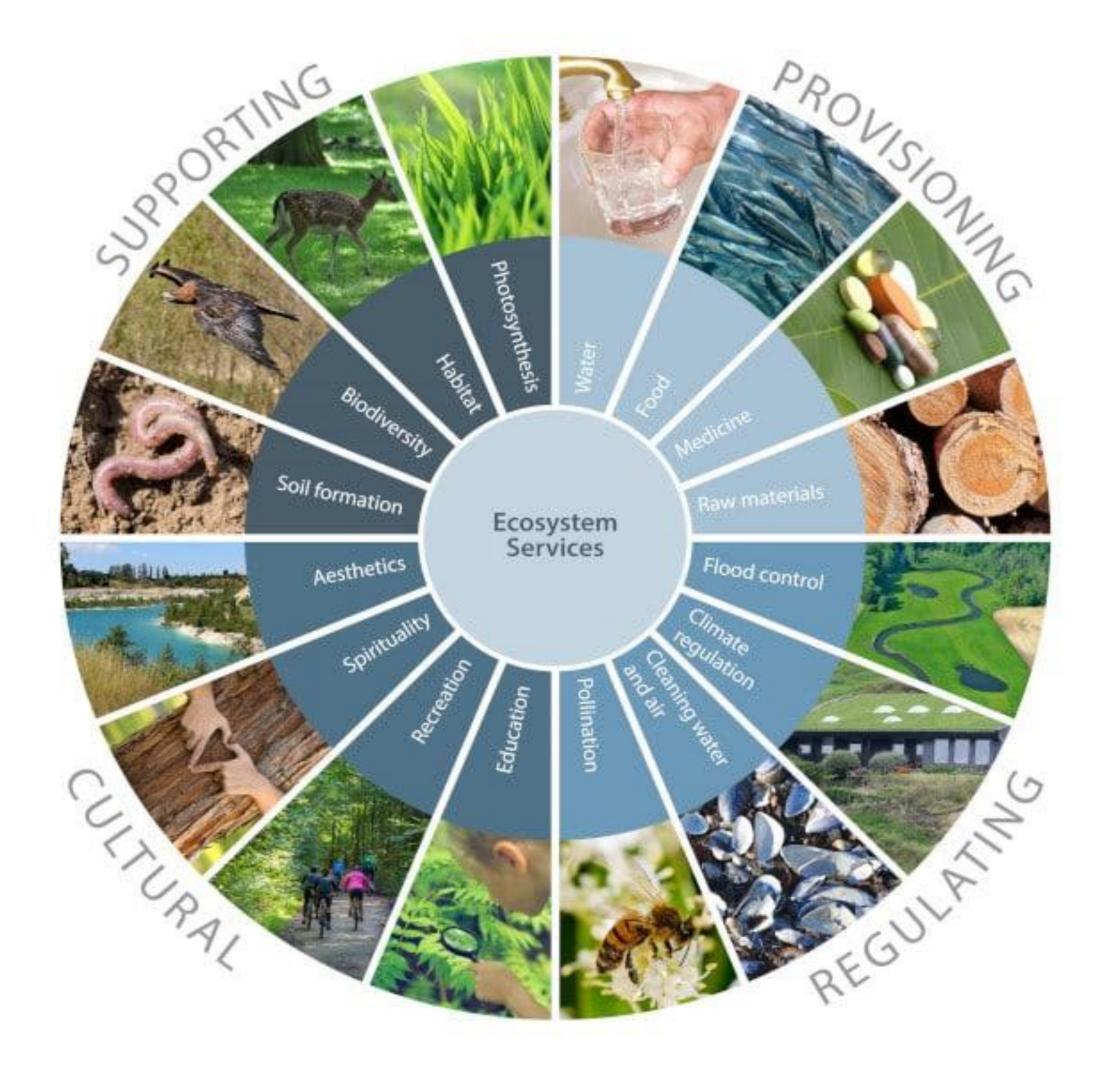
Water Conservation for Tourism Businesses

5 Sustainable Drainage Systems (SUD's)





Why is Native Biodiversity



Biodiversity services are the multitude of benefits nature provides to society

> More biodiversity More resilience





share in the chat

Have you noticed any changes to the nature in your local area over your lifetime?







State of Nature (2019) - Northern Ireland

- 75% Agricultural Land
- Internationally significant areas of blanket bog
- Large inland and coastal waterbodies, including Lough Neagh
- 650 km of Coastline more than half of NI biodiversity is found beneath the sea!
- Northern Ireland holds species found nowhere else in the UK, including the Irish Hare, Irish Damselfly, Irish Whitebeam, Cryptic Wood White butterfly and Pollan

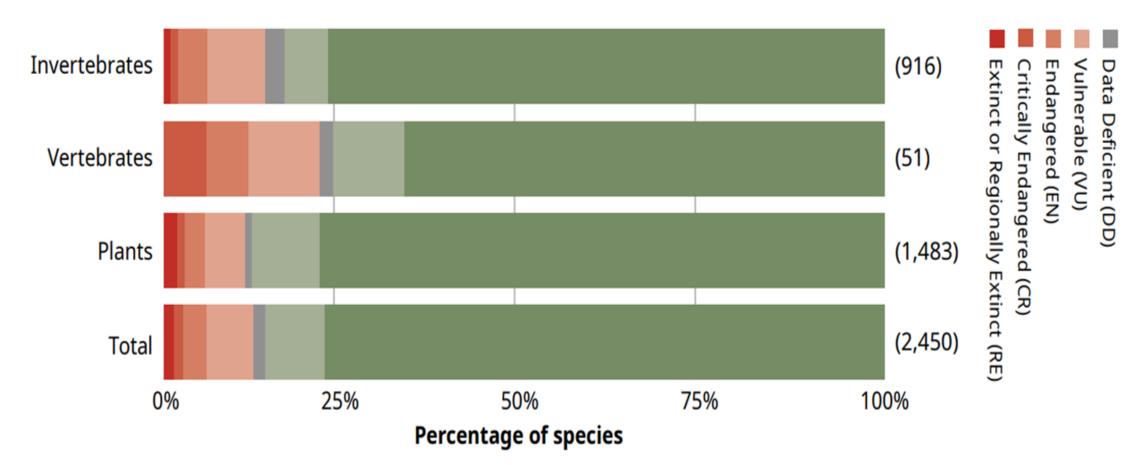






Threats to biodiversity in N





Northern Ireland is 12th Worst in the World f \bullet **Biodiversity Loss**

• 50% of Biodiversity Intactness (amount lost from a pristine state)

 Curlew populations have decreased 80% sir the 80's

11% of all wildlife is threatened with extinct

Butterflies have decreased by 43% \bullet

• Across the UK, 41% of species have decrease last 10 years



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Saving Mournes Juniper



MOURNE HERITAGE TRUST



One of 3 conifer species in Ireland On the decline due to land practices

Mourne Heritage Trust

- In the Silent Valley in 2015/2016 a propagation unit was established for Mourne Juniper plants
- Mourne Juniper is a genetically distinct species
- There are ongoing conservation efforts to protect this plant, with a dedicated volunteer team working on this project





combating Marine litter & corporate Volunteering







Keep Northern Ireland Beautiful

- £36 million estimated year loss to NI beach amenity value from marine litter
- 625 pieces of litter, on average, found per 100 m of beaches in NI
- 80% of all marine litter in NI is made of plastic

https://liveherelovehere.etinu.net/livehereloveh ere/documents/008846.pdf

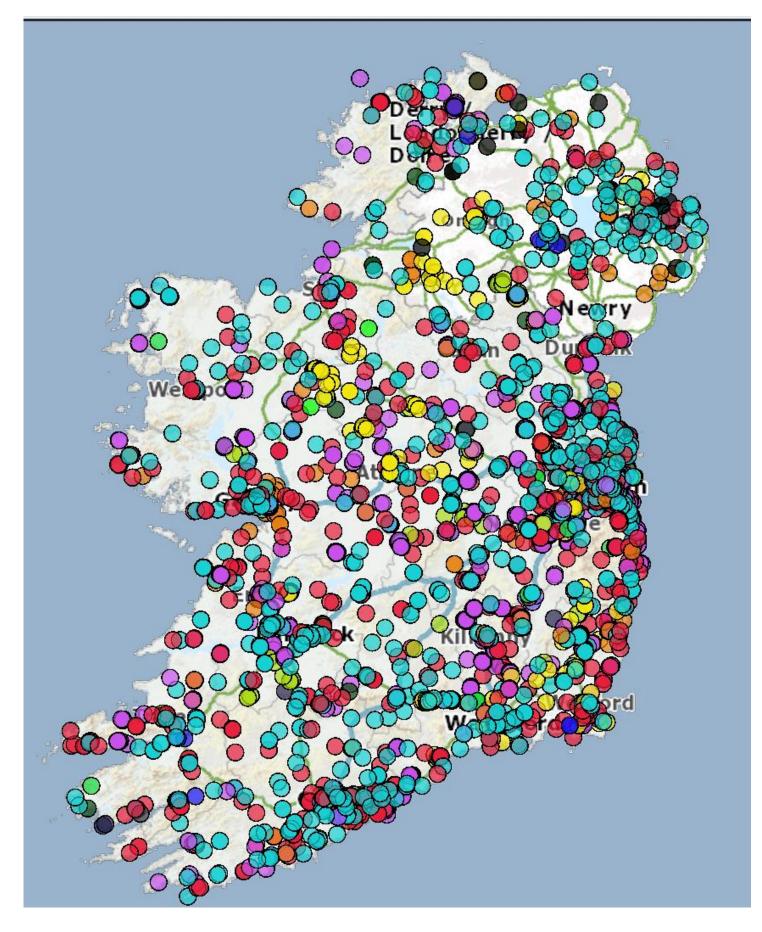
https://www.ulsterwildlife.org/volunteeringopportunities/corporate-volunteering







All-Ireland Pollinator Plan



All-Ireland Pollinator Plan 2021 - 2025

An island-wide attempt to reverse the declines in pollinating insects. The All - Ireland Pollinator Plan seeks participants to register their areas and actions

- Gardeners
- Farmers
- Councils
- Businesses
- Local communities
- Schools

https://pollinators.biodiversityireland.ie/ ightarrow







Innasine Alien Species



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what are las



Organisms (plant, animal, fungus, microbes...) that are not native to a particular area & are environmentally and economically harmful to that area.

*Species migrate all the time. IAS have been introduced by humans since the last ice age









To understand the **negative significance** of IAS, we must understand the positive importance of native biodiversity.

Biodiversity:

- Evolved over 1000's of years to form balances
- Native species are intricately \bullet interconnected
- This interconnectedness forms a web of biodiversity that holds ecosystems together







Why are they so Successful?



Fast growth

 \bullet

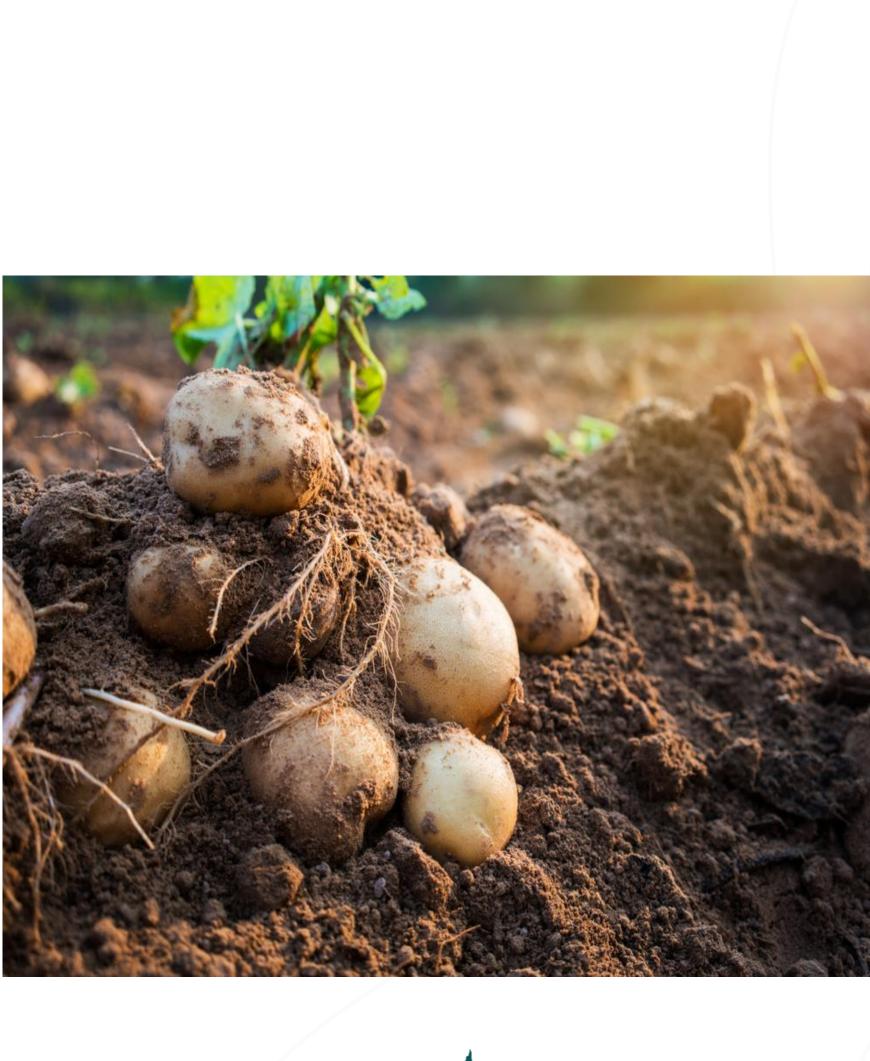
- **Rapid reproduction**
- High dispersal ability
- Tolerance of a wide range of
 - environmental conditions
- Disrupt the balance of natural \bullet ecosystems





Innasine species

- Not all non-native species are invasive
- Some of these non-native species benefit Irish Society
- Only <u>10-15%</u> of introduced species become invasive
- Today in Northern Ireland there are approx. <u>1,280</u> nonnative species







Threats posed by JAS

"World-wide, Invasive Alien Species are the second biggest driver of species extinctions overall"

> Bellard, C., Cassey, P. & Blackburn, T.M. (2016)

Once established they can pose a series of threats depending on the species. These threats include;

- Reduction in biodiversity & alteration of habitats
- Increased flood risk & riverbank erosion
- Decrease water quality
- Block access to amenities & can cause structural damage
- Risk to human/animal health
- Economic impact





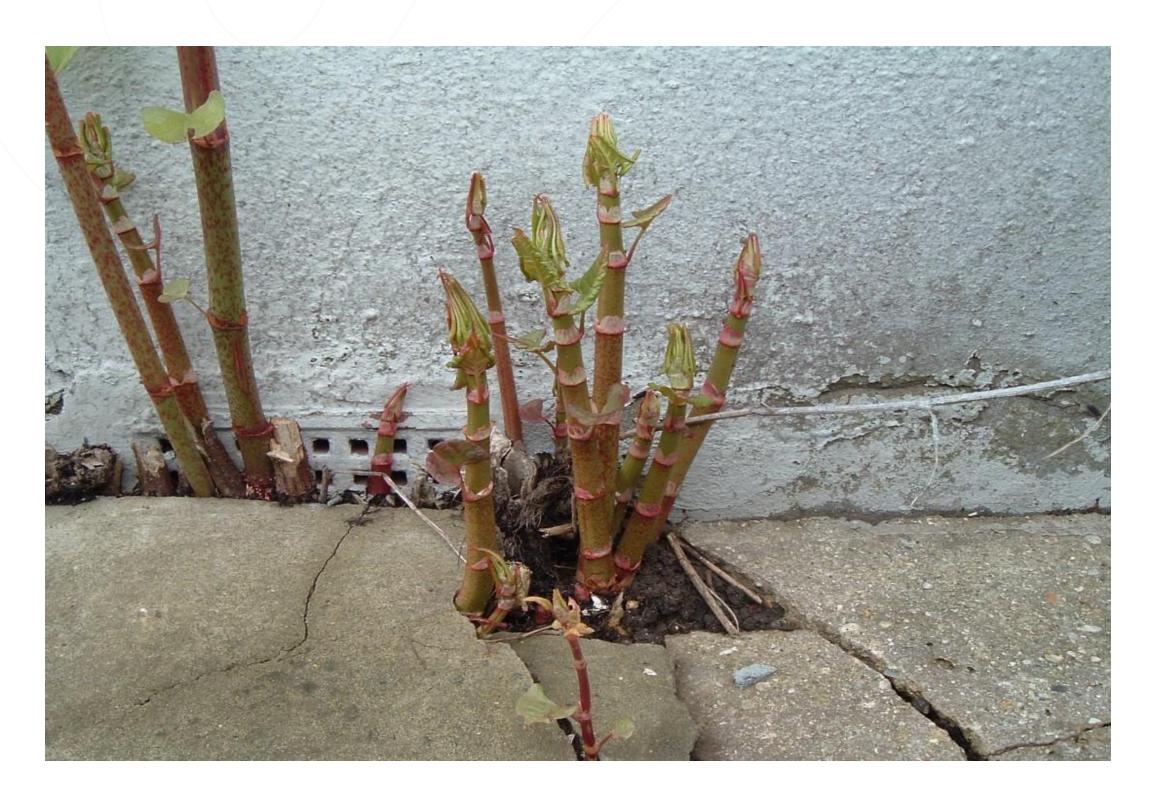


Recent estimates suggest that **Invasive Alien Species now cost** Northern Ireland approximately £46.5 million each year in damage and control.





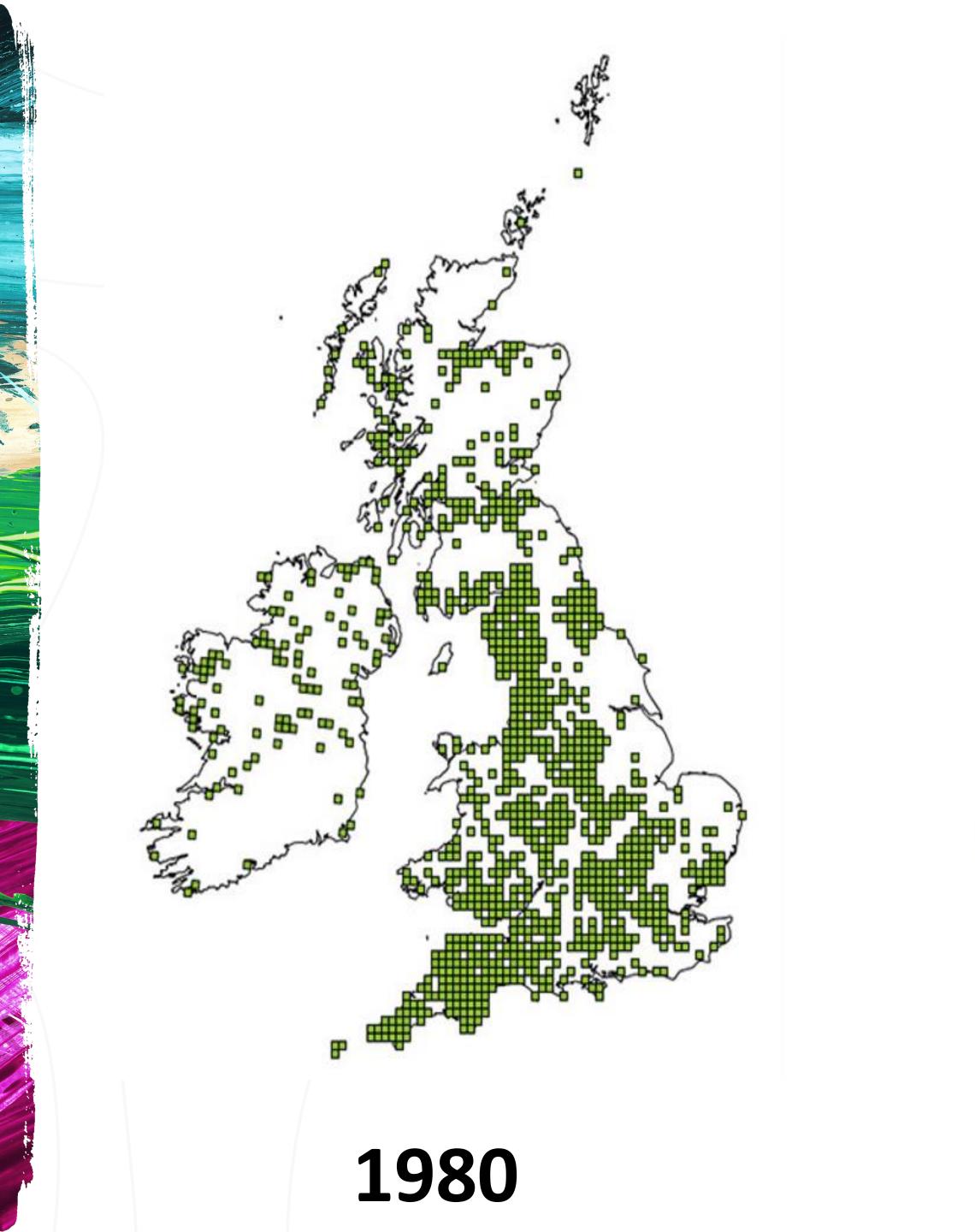
Japanese knotweed can cause structural damage to old buildings and roads.

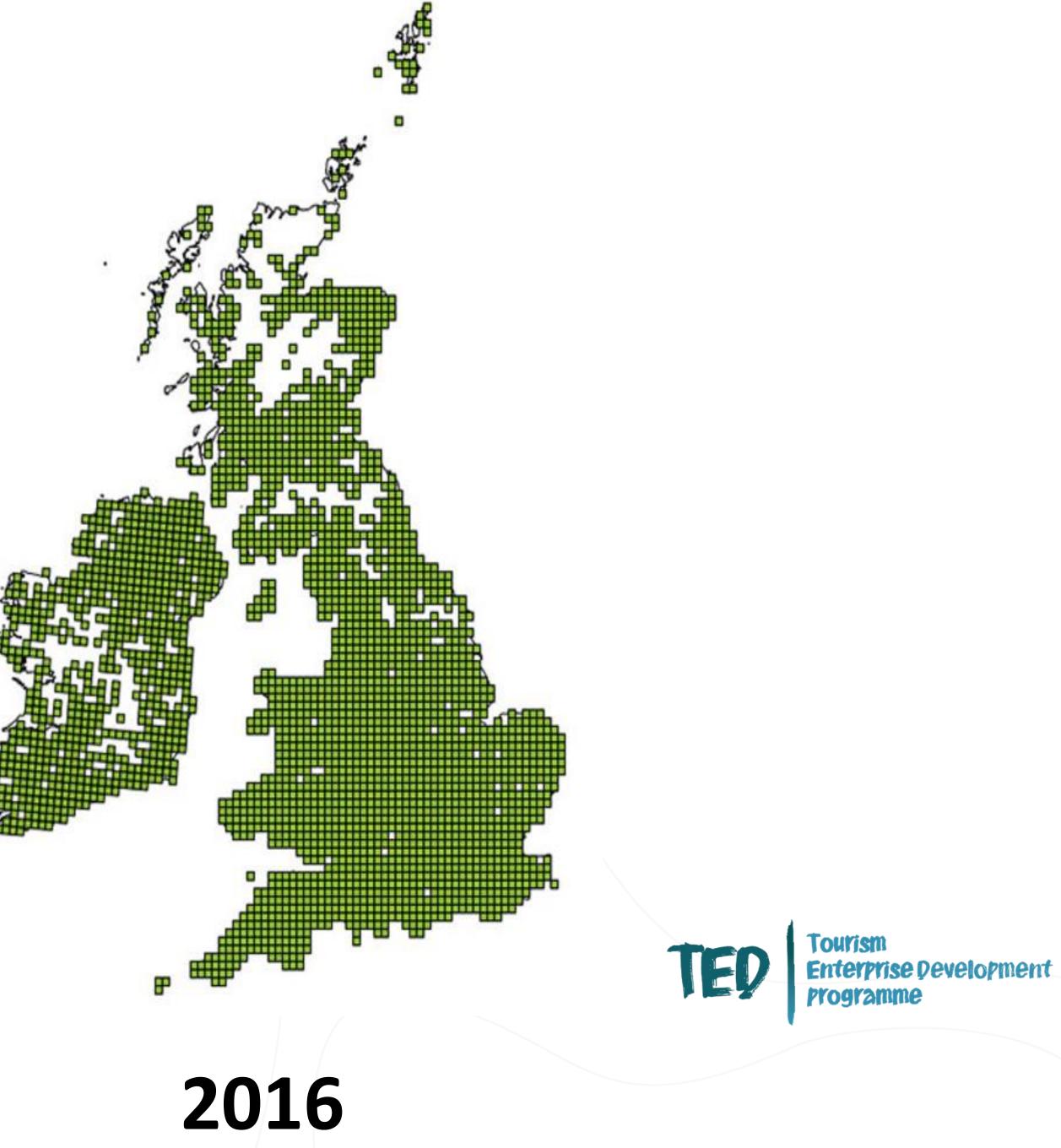














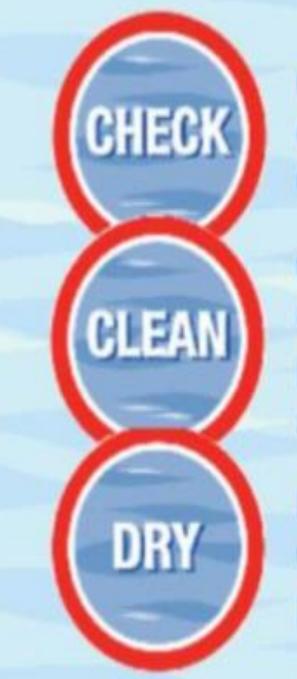




STEOP THE SPREAD

Are you unknowingly spreading invasive species on your water sports equipment and clothing?

Invasive species can affect fish and other wildlife, resrict navigation, clog up propellers and be costly to manage. You can help protect the water sports you love by following three simple steps when you leave the water.



Check your equipment and clothing for live organisms - particular in areas that are damp or hard to inspect.

clothes thoroughly.

Dry all equipment and clothing - some species can live for many days in moist conditions. Make sure you don't transfer water elsewhere.

Clean and wash all equipment, footwear and

If you do come across any organisms, leave them at the water body where you found them.

INVASIVE

AQUATIC

SPECIES



How to help

Invasive Species

Species Week

About ISNI

Legislation

Species Accounts

What can I do?

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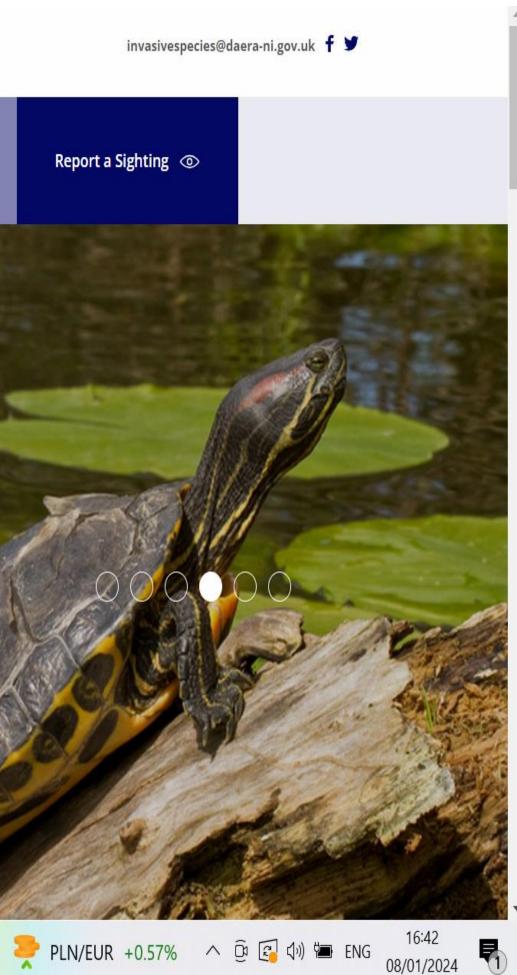
Biosecurity & Prevention

Q

Report a Sighting

Search for info on Invasive Species in Northern Ireland

Type here to search



Become familiar with the most invasive species

2 Always choose native species first

If you suspect you found an IAS. Report it

Spread awareness about Check, Clean, Dry

5 https://invasivespeciesni. co.uk/









Water and Tourism in Northern Ireland





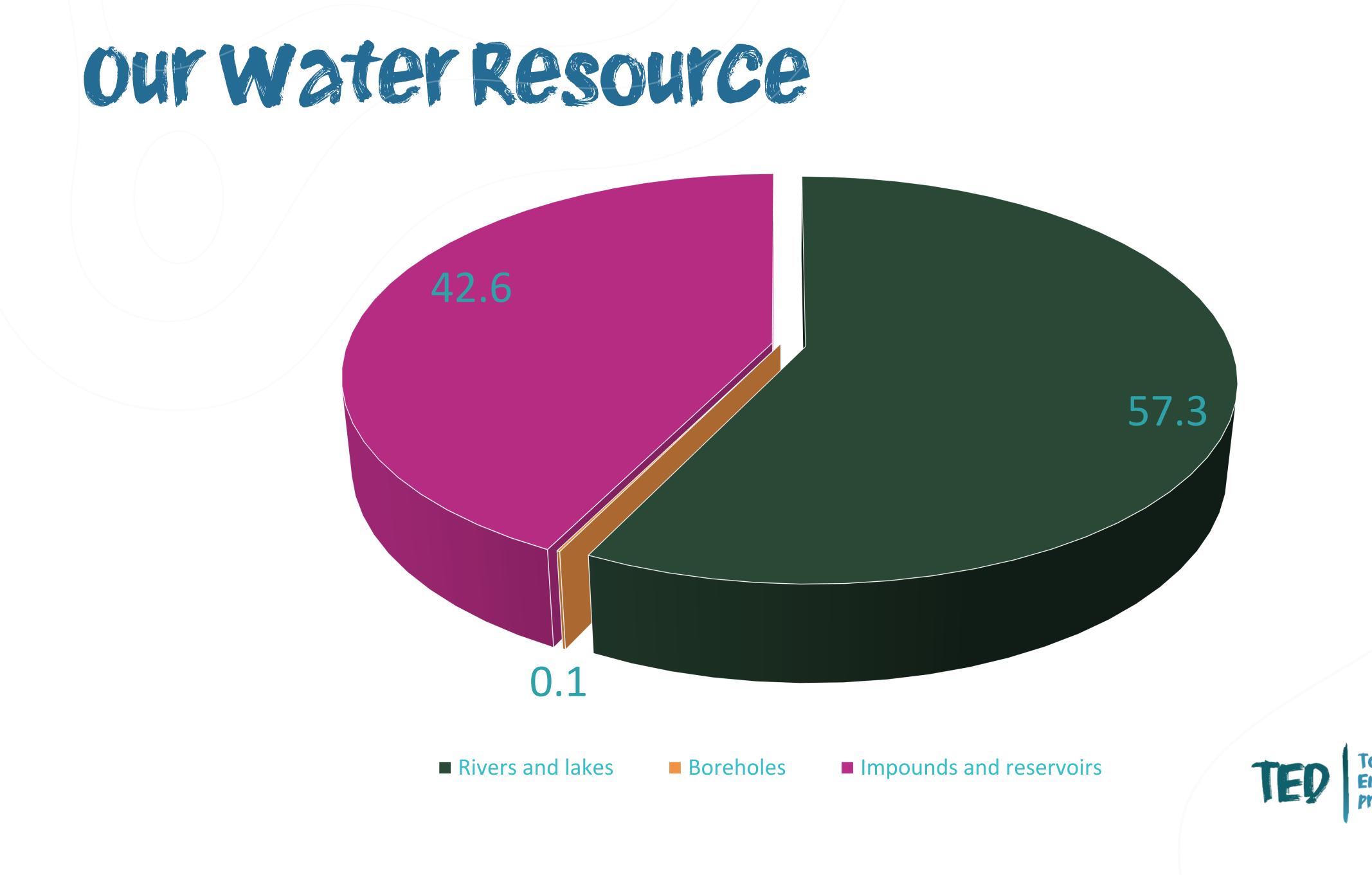














How is Water Quality Determined?

The European Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC) has been transposed into Northern Ireland regulations through The Water Environment (Water Framework Directive) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2017.

- It established a new integrated approach to the protection of the water environment
- It use a five status classifications for waterbodies
- The Goal: All water bodies to reach at least Good status by 2027
- Implemented using the River Basin Management Plans

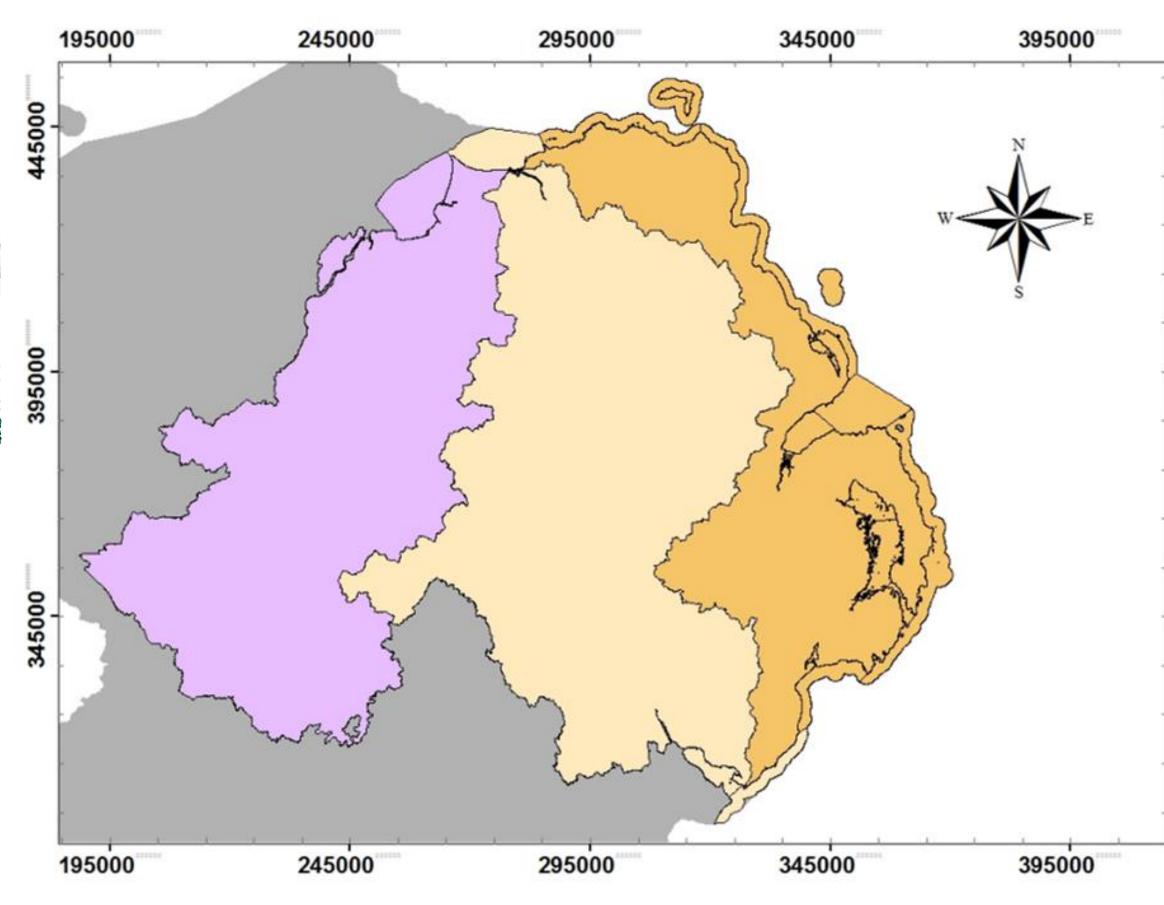








Water Quality in Northern Ireland





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3 River Basins in NI

- North Western
- Neagh Bann
- North Eastern

571 Water Bodies including:

Rivers, Streams, Lakes, Coastal, Groundwater





MORE CONSIDER IN NOMMERMA INCOURSE





2018

141 rivers (31%) achieved good or high overall status

2021

140 rivers (31%) achieved good or high ecological status





Water Quality in Northern Ireland





2018

5 lakes (24%) achieved good or high overall status

2021

3 lakes (14%) achieved good ecological status













Moter Cousinty in NOMBRE MADE NO DE SAND



coastal and Transitional waters

2018

10 transitional & coastal bodies (40%) achieved good overall status

2021

10 transitional & coastal bodies (40%) achieved good ecological status









In 2022 -

676 validated water pollution incidents were reported



Source of substantiated water pollution incidents 2022





"Fishkill: Agency struggling to confirm severity of slurry spill in Co Armagh river"

"Concern NI river could take years to recover after more than 2,000 fish are filled"

"Anglers bass fines for water pollution incidents as 'absolutely pathetic' following Co Down fish kill"

Belfast Telegraph - 25th August - 2022

The Irish News - October 2023

Belfast Telegraph - 28th November 2023











Belfast Telegraph News Opinion Business Sport Life Entertainment Podcasts Sunday Life

Home / News / Environment

Lough Neagh being treated 'like bucket for dumping waste'

As blue-green algal blooms multiply, environmental group that was established to protect our largest freshwater lake hits out at 'years of neglect' by government departments



Toxic Blue-green algae blooms emerge on Lough Neagh

Liam Tunney

Top Stories

Northern Ireland Belfast mother's shock at stress-induced brokenheart syndrome diagnosis following death of father

Northern Ireland Lorry overturned in Co Tyrone incident

Northern Ireland Premium **EXCLUSIVE** | Fears dissident serial killing hitman behind fatal shooting of Kevin Conway in west Belfast

A feared member of The Firm, Kevin Conway was a man with many enemies





More







Analysis Premium







Muddy waters...

- Northern Ireland has a total of 2,398 operational sewage overflows
- Data for the operation of this infrastructure is sparse
- Northern Ireland Water have provided a map of the locations of overflows
- They still provide no data on how often these overflows are discharging sewage due to a lack of investment and budget for the provision of infrastructure to monitor sewage discharges





What is the plan?

By the end of 2027:

- Northern Irish Water aim to have over 900 monitors deployed, with the
 - eventual aim of deployment on all sewage overflows.
- public



Remains unclear whether this information will be made available to the





How you can help

- Store chemical properly
- Ensure proper dispose of hazardous materials
- Check that oil tanks are bunded
- Ensure grease traps are functional
- Look to reduce your pesticide usage
- Be mindful of what you allow to go down the drain







Water and chimate



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Water, water everywhere...

but not a dropto aminik



71% of the Earth's surface is water

97% of all the water on earth surface is in the oceans

3% of Earth's water is freshwater

<1% of the freshwater is easily accessible



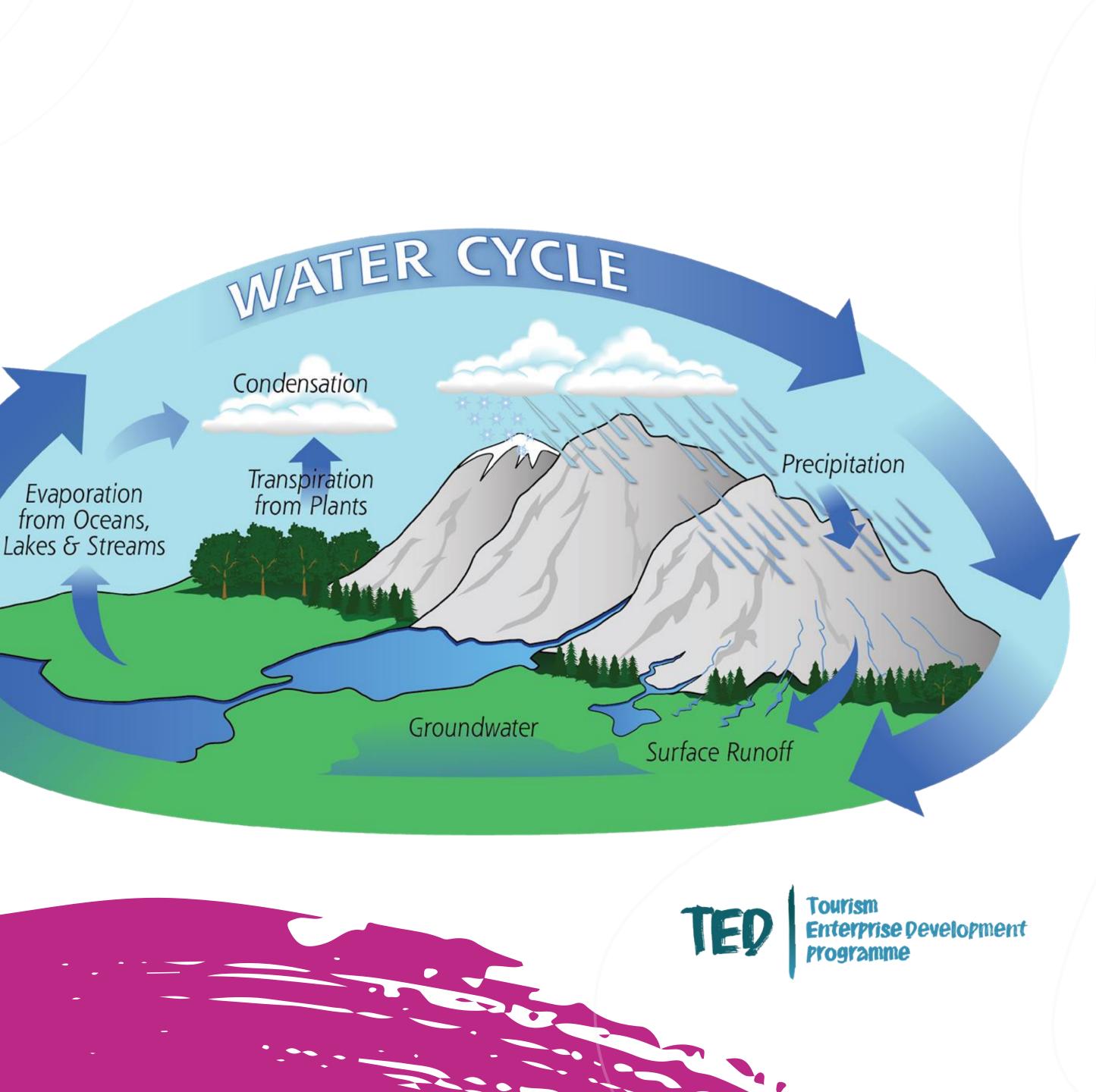


The Water cycle

1. Evaporation

2. Condensation

3. Precipitation



climate change Extreme Weather

- Higher temperatures more water • evaporates
- Warmer air can hold more water
- More water in the atmosphere!
- Drought ightarrow
- Extremerainfall •
- Tropical storms and hurricanes lacksquare







proughts

- Higher concentration of pollutants
- Increased toxins
- Warmer water
- Slowerflow
- Less oxygen in water





Floods

- More pollutants
- More silt and particles in the water
- Increased pathogens







Water conservation For Hospitality Businesses

TED

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Water - a precious resource taken for granted

Northern Ireland Water:

- connected to the public water supply
- 26,700 kilometres of watermains
- 15,600 kilometres of sewers





https://www.water.ie/water-supply/cloud-to-glass/

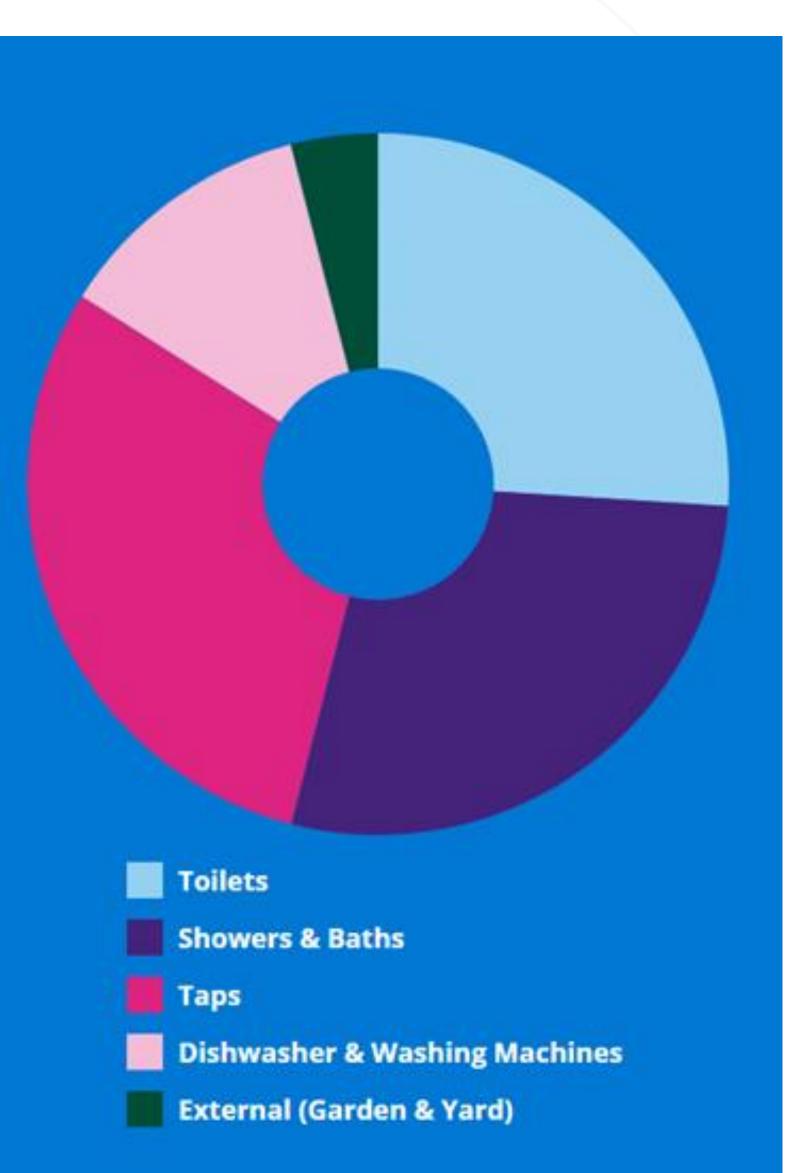
Approximately 910,098 domestic, agricultural, commercial, and business properties are

Supplied an average of about 608 million litres of drinking water every day during 2022.









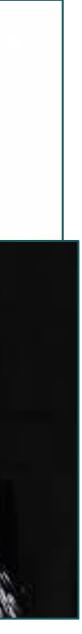
Northern Irish people use, on average, 145 litres of water a day





https://www.water.ie/conserve/







our water Footprint - how much do you use?

Calculate how much water you used at this link here: https://www.niwater.com/why-save-water/



Delivering what matters

HOU NUCH URTER DO YOU USE?

Water is our most precious natural resource – it is vital to all forms of life. Over the last 50 years changes in lifestyle, climate and population have made it even more precious. In Northern Ireland today the average person uses about 145 litres per day – calculate your water usage today!



STRRT





our water Footprint Water (L) Product Beef (1kg) 15,415 Cup of coffee 140 Chicken(1kg) 4,325 Pint of Beer 76

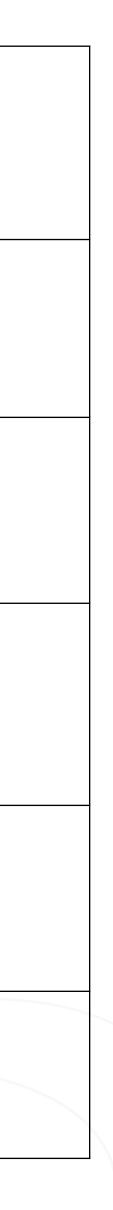
Mekonnen, M.M. & Gerbens-Leenes W., 2020. The Water Footprint of Global Food Production. Water, 12, 2696; doi: 10.3390/w12102696





Product	Water (L)
Almonds (1kg)	8,047
Mobile phone	909
1L plastic bottle	7
Potatoes (1kg)	287
Laptop	190,000





So what? Why conserve water in Ireland?

Carbon footprint of our water

- Every cubic meter of water consumed generates 10.5kg of carbon emissions
- Just one leaky toilet wastes some 4.5 million litres and generates 46 tons of carbon emissions per year. That's as much as a typical passenger car!







Simple ways water is wasted

- Leaking pipes (Number 1 reason)
- Only half filling the washing machine or dishwasher
- Wasting food
- Not turning off tap when:
 - Brushing teeth
 - Preparing vegetables
 - Washing up
 - Shaving













Simple ways to save water

- Use a jug of water instead of bottle
- Shower vs bath
- Shorter vs longer showers
- Re-use water
- Fixing dripping taps
- Turning off tap
- Machines on full loads

















simple ways to save water

Around the premise

- Drop the hose
- Use a bucket
- Fix leaking/dripping taps
- Soil protection
- Keep an eye on running water













Rainwater Harvesting

- Collecting rainwater from a building's roof \bullet
- Water can be treated to various levels to suit the end user's requirements in terms of quality
- Can be very simple or more complex •



Grey Water

What exactly is grey water?

- Grey water is all the water that comes from washing machines, baths, showers and sinks
- Accounts for 50-80% of a household's waste-water
- Black water is the term to refer to water that comes from your toilet

What is greywater?



Clean Water

Springs, wells, purified water, city water, rain water



Greywater

Used water without toxic chemicals and/or excrement



Blackwater

Contaminated water with toxic chemicals and/or excrement

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other Innovations

- **Dual Flush Toilets**
- Waterless Urinals
- Shower flow regulators
- Aerators







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The challenge of Leaks

- Currently 158 million litres of treated water in Northern Ireland is lost through leaks before reaching our taps every day
- Pipes are old, damaged and underground hard to detect
- We use 70% more water today than 40 years ago













common places for leaks at Home

Taps

- Hear/see a constant drip
- Don't forget outdoor taps
- A leaking tap can waste over 1,500 litres of water per year!

Appliances

• Loose pipes and valves, dripping joints etc.





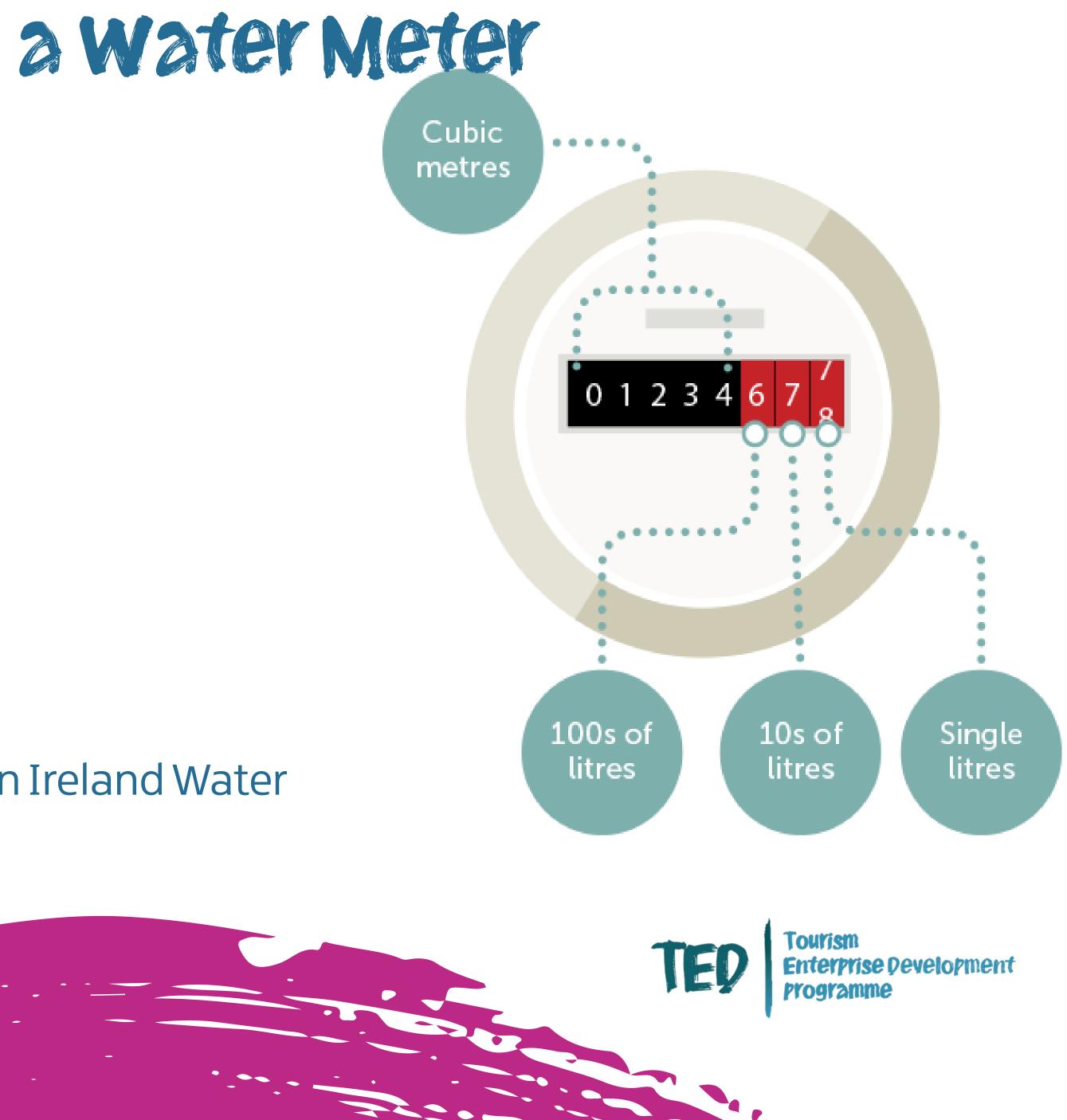






checking for Leaks Using a Water Meter

- 1. Make sure all appliances are switched off
- 2. Turn off your inside stop valve
- 3. Take a note of your meter reading
- 4. Wait for an hour
- 5. Take a second meter reading
- 6. If the two readings differ contact Northern Ireland Water



Reasons to Monitor Water Usage

- Helps you to accurately report on your successes in conserving water
- Independent certification requires data on water consumption and water conservation
- To apply for and win green awards, you must provide evidence of improvements
- Sharing data with your staff makes your water conservation projects meaningful and transparent





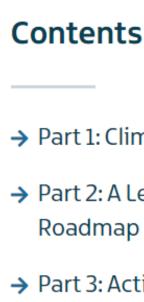


Need help reading on this site?

Support by sector Home

Opportunities & campaigns

Saving Energy and Reducing Waste > Leaner & Greener Guide to Water Conservation > Part 4: Useful Templates from the Leaner & Greener Water Workbook



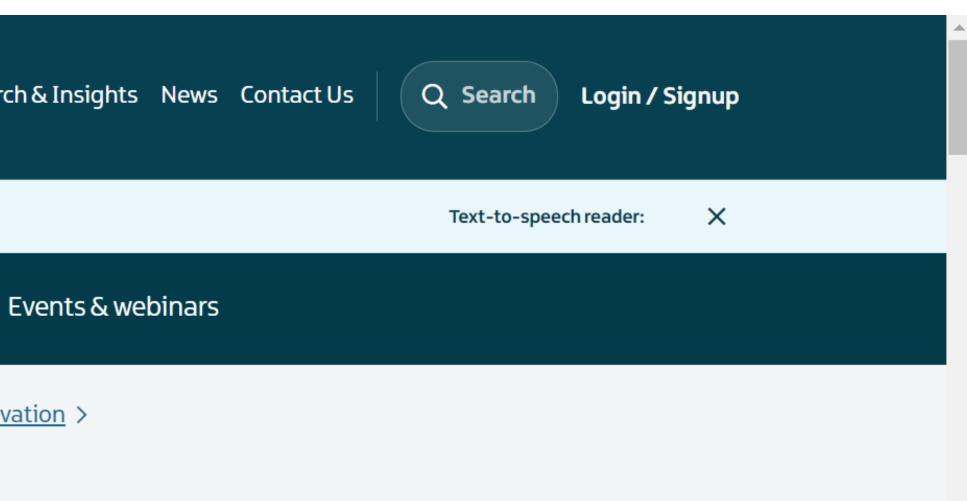
- → Part 1: Climate, Carbon & Costs
- → Part 2: A Leaner & Greener Roadmap
- → Part 3: Action Ideas for Saving Water & Money

Part 4: Useful Templates from the Leaner & Greener Water Workbook

Use the templates from the Leaner & Greener Water Workbook to help benchmark & monitor your water consumption. carry out water audits

Lots of useful tools and template tourism NI learner greener workbooks See

https://www.tourismni.com/business-guidance/business-support/saving-energy-and-reducing-waste/leaner-greener-guide-to-waterconservation/useful-templates-from-the-leaner-greener-water-workbook/







sustainable prainage systems SUDS

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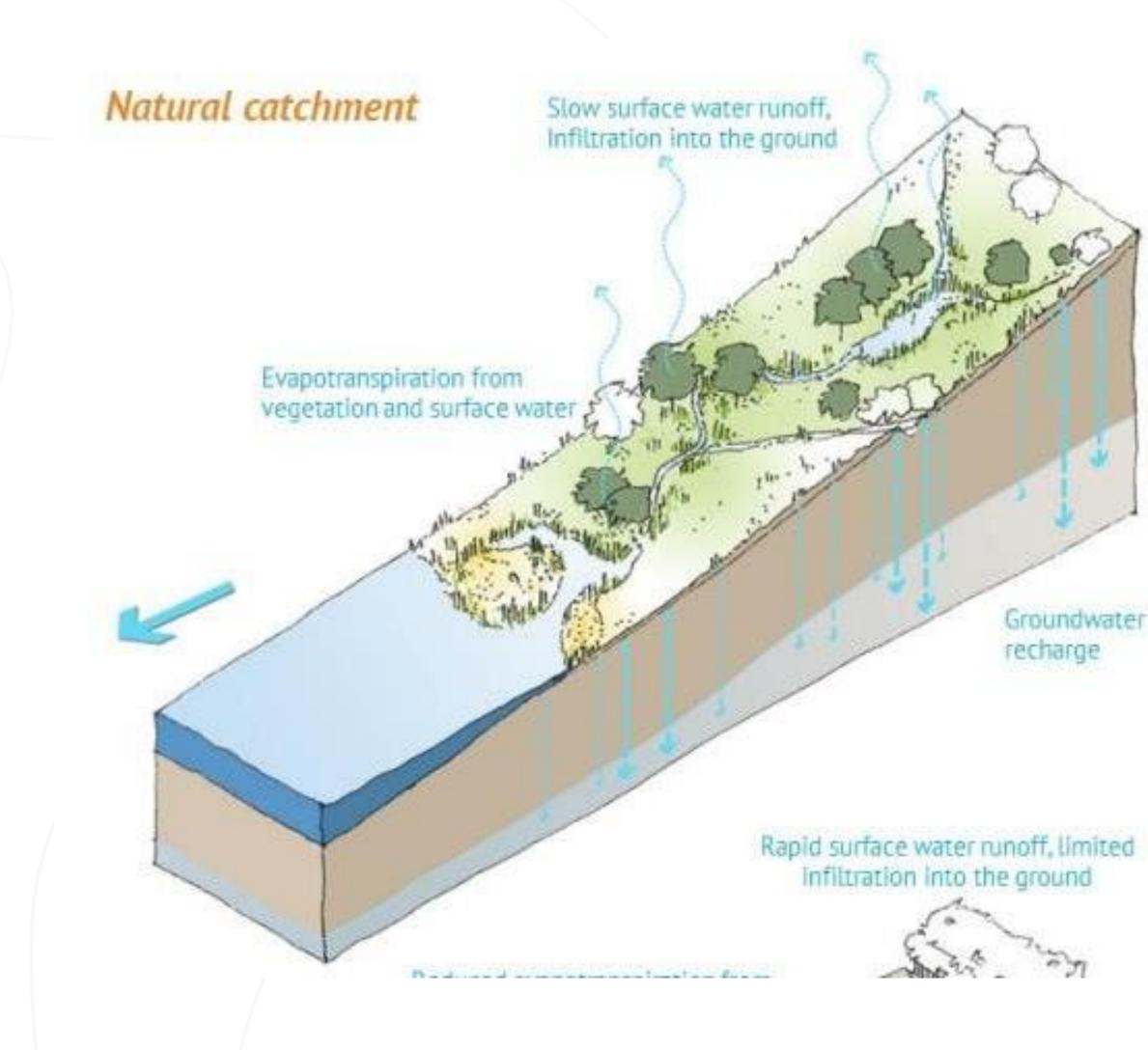
What are they?

Systems that try to mimic natural drainage.

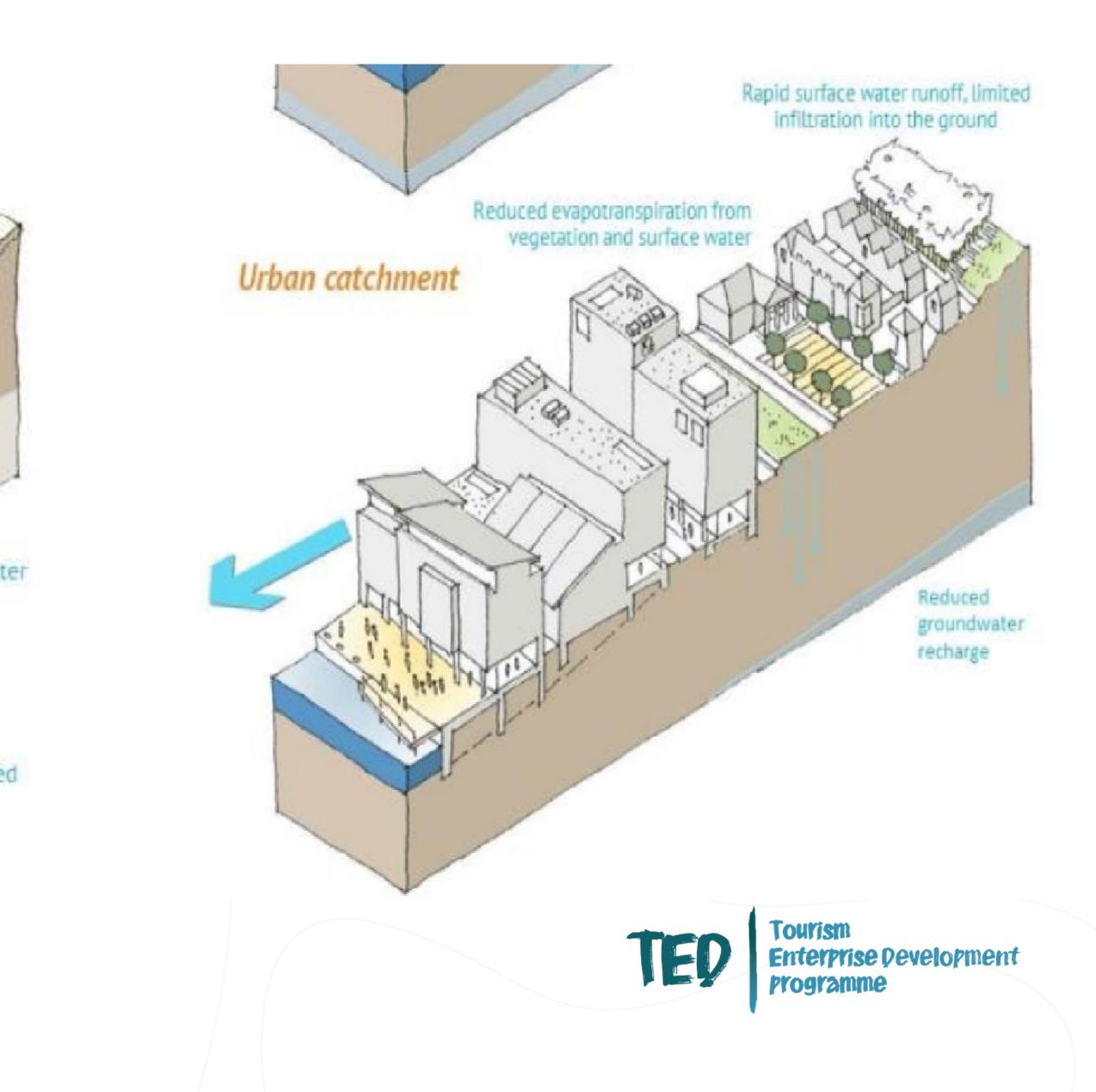




How Nature Deals with Rainwater



www.tankonyvtar.hu



How Can you employ Sups

- Permeable surfaces e.g. carparks
- Basins and ponds
- Green roofs
- Rainwater harvesting
- Filter strips and drains
- Swales
- Wetlands







Benefits of sups







- Reduces water pollution
- Reduces the risk of flooding
- Recharges groundwater drought prevention
- Provides wildlife habitat
- Provides local amenity spaces







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